

$$\log_{\sqrt{26}+5} \left(x^2 + 2x + 2\sqrt{2} \right) = \log_{\sqrt{26}-5} \left(6 - x^2 - 2x - 2\sqrt{2} \right)$$

ОДЗ:

$$\begin{cases} x^2 + 2x + 2\sqrt{2} > 0 \\ 6 - x^2 - 2x - 2\sqrt{2} > 0 \end{cases} \Leftrightarrow \begin{cases} (x+1)^2 + 2\sqrt{2} - 1 > 0 \\ -(x+1)^2 + 7 - 2\sqrt{2} > 0 \end{cases} \Leftrightarrow \begin{cases} x \in \mathbb{R} \\ (x+1)^2 < 7 - 2\sqrt{2} \end{cases}$$

$$-\sqrt{7 - 2\sqrt{2}} < x + 1 < \sqrt{7 - 2\sqrt{2}} \Rightarrow \boxed{-1 - \sqrt{7 - 2\sqrt{2}} < x < \sqrt{7 - 2\sqrt{2}} - 1}$$

Не трудно заметить, что $\sqrt{26} - 5 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{26} + 5}$, тогда $\frac{1}{\sqrt{26} + 5} = \left(\sqrt{26} + 5 \right)^{-1}$

$$\log_{\sqrt{26}+5} \left(x^2 + 2x + 2\sqrt{2} \right) = \log_{\left(\sqrt{26}+5 \right)^{-1}} \left(6 - x^2 - 2x - 2\sqrt{2} \right)$$

$$\log_{\sqrt{26}+5} \left(x^2 + 2x + 2\sqrt{2} \right) = -\log_{\sqrt{26}+5} \left(6 - x^2 - 2x - 2\sqrt{2} \right)$$

$$\log_{\sqrt{26}+5} \left(x^2 + 2x + 2\sqrt{2} \right) = \log_{\sqrt{26}+5} \left(\frac{1}{6 - x^2 - 2x - 2\sqrt{2}} \right)$$

$$x^2 + 2x + 2\sqrt{2} = \frac{1}{6 - x^2 - 2x - 2\sqrt{2}}$$

Пусть $x^2 + 2x + 2\sqrt{2} = t$.

$$t = \frac{1}{6 - t}$$

$$t(6 - t) = 1$$

$$t^2 - 6t + 1 = 0$$

$$(t - 3)^2 - 8 = 0$$

$$(t - 3)^2 = 8$$

$$t - 3 = \pm 2\sqrt{2}$$

$$t = 3 \pm 2\sqrt{2}$$

Вернёмся к обратной замене

$$x^2 + 2x + 2\sqrt{2} = 3 + 2\sqrt{2}$$

$$x^2 + 2x - 3 = 0$$

$$x_1 = -3;$$

$$x_2 = 1.$$

2)

$$x^2 + 2x + 2\sqrt{2} = 3 - 2\sqrt{2}$$

$$x^2 + 2x + 3 + 4\sqrt{2} = 0$$

$$D = 4 - 4(3 + 4\sqrt{2}) = 4(-2 - 4\sqrt{2}) < 0$$

Ответ: -3 ; 1 .